SPAIN FIGHTING ANARCHY.

TREMENDOUS EXCITEMENT CAUSED BY THE BARCELONA OUTRAGE.

NOB SURROUNDS THE PREFECTURE AND THREATENS TO LYNCH THE PRISONERS-MARTIAL LAW PROCLAIMED - STERN

MEASURES TAKEN BY THE

ROYAL AUTHORITIES. parcelons, June 8.-The excitement caused by he Anarchist bomb explosion on Sunday night hows no sign of diminution, and the people vigorsir demand that no effort be spared by the au-

enties to punish the authors of the outrage and pard against a repetition of the dastardly act. it became generally known that the killed shered cleven instead of six, as was told in the reports, the indignation of the populace bean extremely violent. In fact, so threatening rs the outlook that the authorities, as a measure a precaution, proclaimed martial law, and the dy is now under military government. Two more arrests of suspects were made to-day,

mking a total of thirty-two men who have been aken into custody on suspicion of having been encerned in the perpetration of the outrage. The presents are confined in the prefecture. To-day at angry mob gathered around that building and demanded the summary punishment of every one of the prisoners, whether his guilt was proved or not Occasionally it looked as though the mob would attempt to storm the prefecture in order to greak vengeance on the suspected men. The Civil Goards on duty at the place were speedily reinforced, and were frequently compelled to charge the crowds to make them keep at a distance. The mob would scatter temporarily, but would soon gather again, threatening to lynch the prisoners PRECAUTIONS IN MADRID.

selena is not alone in its attempt to repress ith a stern hand the recrudescence of Anarchy. The Royal Government and the municipal authorme of Madrid are taking measures to prevent amission of outrages in the capital. One of pleading Anarchists of the city was arrested tois It is thought that he was in some way conand with the outrage here.

The Cortes and the Government have promised.

senist the relatives of those who were killed or minded here, and this action meets with hearty

speculation is rife as to the causes which led to as sudden outbreak of the Anarchists. Some prions attribute it to the animosity of the Anardists toward everything pertaining to religion, and believe that they took advantage of the Corpes Christi processions to give vent to their haired. But there have been many religious prossions since Anarchy was rampant in Spain thich were not interfered with, and it is generally believed that some motive deeper than hatred of religion lies at the bottom of the last outrages ommitted here and at Orendain.

ELEVEN KILLED AND FORTY WOUNDED Eleven persons were killed and forty wounded by the explosion of the bomb thrown into the street while a religious procession was passing last evening. The man who threw the bomb has not yet been identified, but the police are confident that he is among the men under arrest as

dent that he suspects.

All the people killed belonged to the working clasees. A majority of them were women and clasees. A majority of them were women and claiders, and this fact has much to do with the hitterness displayed toward the Anarchiets.

Landon, June 8.—"The Standard" has a displayed toward the French police re-

tch from Paris saying that the French police recently warned the Spanish Government that the Anarches were preparing to commit an outrage with the connivance of Cuban fillbusters who lived in Bircelona and who have absconded.

The dispatch adds that the accused men will be

fried by court-martial, several soldiers being among the wounded.

HE ATTACKED THE STATE.

YOUNG HOHENLOHE'S SPEECH STIRS UP THE REICHSTAG.

IT IS SUPPOSED THAT HE WAS SPEAKING FOR HIS

FATHER, THE CHANCELLOR, IN DENOUNCING POLICE INTERFERENCE WITH PER

London, June 8 .- "The Daily. News" has a dissich from Berlin saying that a great sensation

was caused in the Reichstag to-day during the debale on the Government's Trades bill. Alexander on Hobeniohe son of the Chancellor, attacked the dause forbidding commercial travellers to transat retail business. He denounced the State for meddling with people's private affairs, and said that the tendency to empower the police to restrict personal liberty was the malady of the day in

its greeted the speech with tumultuous appliause and cheers. It is supposed that Alexander you like the spokesman of his hither, who was absent, and who seems to have falled to enforce the will of the Cabinet.

A FIERCE BATTLE AT FIRKET

CALLANTRY OF THE EGYPTIAN TROOPS CONCLUSIVELY DEMONSTRATED.

ALTROUGH OUTNIMBERED, THEY ROUTED THE DERVISHER WITH GREAT SLAUGHTER-THE

TRIBUNAL REFUSES TO GRANT

FUNDS FOR THE SOUDAN

EXPEDITION. Cairo, June 8.—Advices received from Akasheh, the advanced post occupied by the Egyptian troops in the Soudan, this morning say that in the battle which took place between the Egyplans and the Dervishes at and around Firket 800 Dervishes were killed and 450 taken prison-The number of wounded Dervishes is not

norted.

The number of the Egyptian troops engaged in Lampishes are battle was 4,000, while the Dervishes are imated to have numbered 4,500.

sallantry displayed by the Egyptians is praised. Their action in this engagebears out the contention of those military who hold that there has been a vast change bravery and morale of the Egyptian army and years, and confounds those critics who do that the native troops could not with the wild rushes of the Dervishes, but would be panic-stricken and allow themselves to the strick of the strick of the strick of the Egyptian army troops army troops to the strick of the Egyptian army troops army troops to the Egyptian army troops army troops army troops are troops and the Egyptian army troops are troops army troops are troops are

ACTION OF THE MIXED TRIBUNAL.

he Egyptian mixed tribunal formed for the drance of money from the Egyptian treasury for the purpose of meeting the expenses of the dan expedition has formally pronounced sment against the proposal to draw upon the mission of the Public Debt for the sum sed for, or any part thereof. This action of tribunal was taken despite the refusal of the tish and Egyptian Governments to recognize competence of the tribunal to decide the stion.

ICEPOCKETS THRIVE IN BRIDGEPORT. parade on Saturday reaped a harvest city, despite the vigilance of the police. R Rice, a "crook" well known in New-York ed to sixty days in jail for vagrancy in the Court this morning. Friends outside fur-da 1200 bond, and he was released. Two worked the drygoods stores. At one dry-store six empty pocketbooks were found in the store six empty pocketbooks were found in the store six empty purses also found in various parts of the city. DRIFTING TO ST. LOUIS.

ALL EYES TURNING ON THE CONVEN-TION CITY.

PREPARATIONS TO LODGE THE MULTITUDE-SIGNS AND SOUNDS OF THE COMING OF THE M'KINLEY WAVE-GAVELS FROM

HISTORIC WOOD.

St. Louis, June 8.-The morning trains to this city brought few arrivals of prominence. Chairman Manley, of Maine, and James S. Clarkson, of lowa, are scheduled to reach here to-morrow night, Ex-Governor Foraker, of Ohio, who is to present McKinley's name to the convention. will not be in St. Louis until next Sunday or

Monday. He will be escorted in a special car by

the Blaine Club, of Columbus. The chief topic of conversation among the politicians in the hotel corridors this morning was the visit of R. C. Kerens and ex-Congressman Nathan Frank, of this city, to Major Mc-Kinley yesterday. It was conceded that their visit was due to anticipated trouble over the temporary roll. McKinley desires that he shall have proper representatives on the National Committee and has asked advice from Kerens and Frank. Chauncey I. Filley is quoted as saying that the visit of Kerens and Frank to Canton is due to McKinley's wish to have all loca and partisan differences between the leaders of the party in Missouri smoothed over in such a way as to redound to the advantage of the Re-

Three Southern members of the National Com mittee have so far arrived in St. Louis. They are George W. Hill, of Tennessee; James Hill, of Mississippi, and John G. Long, of Florida, All the members of the committee will be in the city by Tuesday night, as the committee meets Wednes-

publican party.

CONTESTS WILL BE SETTLED FAIRLY. Colonel Swords, sergeant-at-arms of the National Committee, in discussing the probable action of the committee in the matter of the contests said: "It is impossible for any man to tell the exact attitude of the committee toward McKinley. In fact, it is a matter of no great importance, although it is generally supposed to I am familiar with the work of the National Committee for the last sixteen years, and I defy any one to cite an instance in which prejudice entered into the adjustment of a con mittee is concerned, absolutely on the merits of the case. The only consideration is the regularity or irregularity of the proceedings which named the delegation. This, however, does not hold good in the Committee on Credentials of the Convention. Here personal preferences en

There appears to be considerable difficulty in securing quarters for the colored delegates to the convention, and G. A. Hill, National Committee man from Tennessee, is quoted in an afternoon paper as saying: "Unless quarters are provided immediately I shall telegraph the colored members of the Tennessee delegation to stay at home I do not intend that they shall come to St. Louis and either go hungry or eat in a place in which they would not stable a horse at home

Judge Long, National Committeeman from Florida, is also in an indignant frame of mind over the alleged neglect of the comfort of the

The members of the Business Men's League are alive to the gravity of the situation and promise an early solution of the trouble. The secretary of the league says that the Mississippi delegation did not apply for quarters until all the leading hotels had contracted for their rooms. He says further that every promise of the league will be fulfilled. THIRTY THOUSAND M'KINLEY SOLDIERS.

National Committeeman Cyrus Leland, jr., of Kansas, arrived to-day. He says Kansas will have a full delegation for McKinley. "Besides," e "there are 30,000 McKinley soldiers in Kansas."

Applications for quarters from Alaska were reelved to-day by the Bureau of Information. The ceived to-day by the Bureau of Information. The delegates are Thomas S. Nowell and Charles S. Johnson. They will be in St. Louis on the 13th inst. Mr. Nowell is now in Boston, visiting relatives. Both delegates are instructed for McKinley. A splendld bust picture of the Ohio etatesman now graces all the show windows of downtown shops and stores and McKinley button venders and theights trade.

shops and stores, and McKinley button venders do a thriving trade.

The hall decorations are on a grand scale. Thomas J. Cummins, of New-York, who has attended every National Convention since Tilden was nominated, is in the city. He says the hall arrangements and decorations are the most complete and elaborate ever attempted.

GAVELS OF HISTORIC INTEREST.

The gavel for the temporary chairman's use was, as described yesterday, made from the timbers of a Secession convention hall by an ex-Confederate soldier. That accepted for the use Confederate soldier. That accepted for the use of the permanent chairman will have even a greater historic interest. It was received to-day. The gavel will be presented to the chairman by Schator Berry, one of the Illinois delegatea. The gavel is an excellent piece of wood-carving done by W. H. Bartels, of Carthage, Ill. Mr. Bartels selected the wood—a hickory log, taken from the log cabin occupied by President Lincoln, at New-Salem, Ill., in 1832. There are panels on either side which are filled in with inscribed plates of gold and silver. The silver end bears this inscription:

........... Made by W. H. Bartels, Carthage, Ill., from a Log of the Cabin Occupied by Abraham Lincoln in 1832, at New-Salem, Ill.

********* The inscription on the gold plate reads:

..... National Republican Convention, Held at St. Louis, June 16, 1896, Nomination for President.

...... The gavel is to be presented to the nominee at the conclusion of the proceedings.

THOUSANDS TO LODGE IN SLEEPING-CARS. Whatever sleep a large number of political men are to get during their sojourn here will be enjoyed in the railroad cars which bring them to the city. Arrangements have been made by the Terminal Railroad Association to store S(0) passenger cars at different places in St. Louis during the latter part of this and all of next week. More than two hundred of these coachesail sleepers—will be converted into temporary hotels. Spaces are being reserved for them. It has been decided by the Terminal Association to allow each of its twenty tenant lines the storage of ten sleeping-cars. This arrangement will provide lodging places for at least 20,000 persons within five minutes walk of the convention hall.

John Grant, of Sherman, Tex., the leading white Republican of his State, and leader of the McKinley forces, arrived here yesterday. Mr. Grant is chairman of the Republican Executive Committee of Texas, "After thoroughly testing the feeling throughout the State," he said "I became fully satisfied that 96 per cent of the Republicans of Texas were for McKinley.

"I am confident of McKinley's nomination, probably on the first ballot. As regards the platform, I am for sound money. I favor a 100 cent dollar, be it white, yellow or green. There should also be a strong protective plank in the platform." to the city. Arrangements have been made by

MR. MANLEY STARTS FOR ST. LOUIS. Boston, June 8.-Joseph H. Manley, chairman of Boston, June 8.—Jone 9.—June 9

NEWSPAPER MEN START FOR ST. LOUIS. Washington, June 8.-The Washington correspondents of the principal daily papers throughout the country left Washington for the Republican National Convention this afternoon at & o'clock, and are

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 9, 1896.-SIXTEEN PAGES.

scheduled to arrive at St. Louis to-morrow evening at THE END OF CONGRESS NEAR o'clock. They travel on a special train of Pullman About one hundred were in the party. Delayed by the continuance of Congress, another con-tingent of correspondents, including the convention staff of the United Press, will leave here on Wednes-day afternoon on the Chesapeake and Ohio, and reach St. Louis on Friday. Both parties will return together after the convention ends.

WILL NAME HIM ON THE FIRST BALLOT M'KINLEY ON THE SOUNDEST OF FINANCIAL

PLANKS, SAYS EX-CONGRESSMAN FRANK. Chlcago, June 8.-Richard C. Kerens and ex-Con gressman Nathan Frank, of St. Louis, stopped in Chicago to-day on their way home from their visit to William McKinley, at Canton, Ohio. As a Missourl delegate to the St. Louis Convention, Mr.

There will be McKinley strength not only to dictate the nomination, but the manner of doing it. We will permit a suspension of the rollcall long enough to make the nomination unanimous. And enough to make the nomination unanimous. And then we will adopt a financial plank satisfactory to the men of the country. We will declare unequivocally against the free coinage of silver at any ratio. We will not straddle on that plank. As for Major McKiney's position, I can say the financial plank cannot be made too strong for him. He is sound."

CONTESTS TO BE SETTLED. MUCH WORK CUT OUT FOR THE COMMITTEE ON

CONTESTED SEATS AT ST. LOUIS. St. Louis, June 8.-The Committee on Contested Seats to the Republican National Convention have a problem to solve. Ex-Congressman Thomp Kinley delegates from various States, authorizes the

There are contests in the following States: Alabama - Four delegates at large: Ist, Hid, IVth, th, Vlib, Vlith, Vilith and IXth districts, making

Alarama
Vth. VIIb, VIIb, VIIIh and IXth districts, massive twenty delegates in all.
Celifornia. Hid and IVth districts, four delegates.
Delaware—Six delegates at large; let and Hd districts, eight delegates at large; let and Hd districts, eight delegates at large; let, IXth and XIth district, ten delegates.
Kentucky—Ist District, two delegates.
Kentucky—Ist District, two delegates.
Lunishma—Four delegates at large, let, Hd, Hld, and IVth districts, twelve delegates.
Mississippl—Four delegates at large, let, Hd, Hld, IVth, Vth, Vth and VIIth districts, eighteen delegates.

IVth, Vth, Vth and Vtith IXth, XIIth, XIIIth and Xivh districts, tweive delegates. Now York Carolina—VIIIth District, two delegates. North Carolina—VIIIth District, two delegates. Pennsylvania—IIId District, two delegates. South Carolina—Four delegates at large; Ist, IId, IIId, IVth, Vth, Vth and VIIth districts, eighteen Advances.

elegates. Tennessee-Vith and IXth districts, four delegates, Texas Four delegates at large and every one of he thirteen districts, thirty delegates. Virginia-IId and IIId districts, four delegates. Arizo., Six delegates at large.

Mr. Thompson is confident that the committee will larly elected delegates.

DUPED BY A FEMALE SWINDLER.

TO A MYTHICAL MAYERICK ASSOCIATION

Portland, Ore., June 8-About a fertnight ago a un who called herself Mrs. Alma Sturveysant and said she was from New-York, came to Portland, bringing a letter of introduction to a woman well known in society here. This letter represented Mrs. Sturveysant as one of the accredited collectors of the "National Maybrick Fund Association," with headquarters in New York City. Mrs. Sturveyeans was about twenty-six years old, decidedly propossessing in appearance, and "talked like a book" upon all subjects. Her pet topic, however, was the illanthropic mission upon which she was bent. The object of the association represented by her, she alleges, was to raise a colossal sum of money from American women to secure the release from prison Maybrick, now serving a life sentence in an English prison for supposedly having poisoned

Mrs. Sturveysant proved so charming and pleasant that the woman to whom she brought the letter, without considering the absurdity of the proposition. entributed \$50 to the "National Maybrick Fund She introduced Mrs. Sturveysant to a number of other women belonging to her set, all of whom were similarly captivated by Mrs Sturveysant's fascinat and they also contributed to the fun without seriously reasoning that no sum of money could accomplish the purpose of this association. In three days time the "charming collector succeeded in gathering in almost Mos from Fortlands sweldom, and on the fourth day site left here for San Francisco, armed with two letters strongly recommending her mission to a moneyed set there. And now there is mourning in Portland, for those who contributed learn that they were duped.

The letter Mrs. Sturveysant brought was from Mrs. C. F. Milton, a Salt lake City friend of the Portland woman. There also the collector was quite successful in enlisting metallic sympathy for "innocent, imprisoned Mrs. Maybrick." On Wednesday last the Portland heroine of this opsode was startled by the receipt of another letter from Mrs. Milion, the Salt Lake City friend, in which Mrs. Surveysant was denounced as an "unmingated impostor." Mrs. Militon declared that this fascinating female pollisatingspist came to her with a letter from an Omaha friend. The latter's suspicions became aroused some time after Mrs. Surveysant left Omaha, and upon communicating with prominent New-York friends she was apprised that the "Maybrick Association." was a myth.

This impostor has for some time been working westward from New-York City. without seriously reasoning that no sum of money

HIS LIFE SPARED BY THE GOVERNOR.

Albany, June 8.-Governor Morton to-day commuted to imprisonment for life the sentence Tuefil Tuezkewitz, who was convicted in New-York in March, 1826, of murder, for killing Adolph Bal-The announcement of this action was

accompanied by the following memorandum: accompanied by the following memorandum:

The commutation is granted on the recommendation of the Judge, of the District-Attorney and all of the jurors. The prisoner appears to have been an indistrious man of good character, ordinar peaceable, and in all respects a good citizen considering the strong provocation under which acted, the case does not seem to demand that the death penalty should be inflicted.

PLAG DAY IN THE SCHOOLS.

The following recommendation as to Fiag Day was sent out to-day by Charles R. Skinner, superintendent of the State Department of Public In

June 14 will be the lifth anniversary of the adoption of the Stars and Stripes as the National flag of our country. While it is not a legal holiday, it seems fitting that the day should be remembered, especially in the schools of the State in view of the especially in the schools of the State in view of the especially in the schools of the State in view of the especially in the schools of the State in view of the especially in the schools of the State in view of the especially in the school school from every public school building. As this anniversary will fall upon Sunday, it is recommended that Monday, the light inst, be observed. School Commissioners and superintendents are requested to call the matter to the attention of local school authorities so far as possible, with the recommendation that special care be taken to display the National flag upon every school building on that day, and that a short programme of appropriate songs and recitations be arranged.

MRS. MARTHA WHITTAKER DISCHARGED. Port Jervis, N. Y., June 8.-Mrs. Martha Whitaker, of Port Jervis, who has been confined in the Goshen prison for the last two months, charged with the murder of her mother, Mrs. Francis Snywith the murder of her mother, Mrs. Francis Snyder, was discharged to-day on the application of her attorney. Wilton Bennett, the Grand Jury, which has been in session during the past week, having failed to find an indictment against her The motion for her discharge was opposed by District-Attorney Hirschberg, who said that under Section 290 of the Penal Code she should be held. William J. Gaynor, the presiding Judge, said that there was not sufficient ground to detain her for another Grand Jury, and ordered her discharge.

SUED FOR LIBEL BY COLONEL BLANTON DUNCAN.

Los Angeles, Cal. June 8.—Colonel Blanton Duncan, a prominent politician and capitalist of this city, formerly of Louisville, Ky., has brought two Pbel suits in the Superior Court of this county against the Chicago Associated Press corporation for \$50,000 each. The alleged libelous matter was contained in a dispatch published under date of San Francisco, June 18. 1850, which was printed in all newspapers served by the defendant corporation, and a second dispatch dated San Francisco, February 17, 1856, which was published in "The Times" and "The Herald" of this city on the morning of February 18, 1856, and referred to Colonel Duncan's suit leads the Southern Pacific Railway. Colonel Isaac E. Messmere, J. E. Young and other capitalists alleged that from reading the dispatches mentioned they understood that the plaintiff had committed perjury. Los Angeles, Cal., June 8.-Colonel Blanton Dun TO SUCCEED COL. HAIN AS COMMISSIONER Albany, June 8.—Governor Morion to-day appointed H. Somers Hayes, of New-York City, a Commissioner to find a site for the New-York and New-Jersey bridge, to succeed Frank K. Hain, deceased.

MUCH PROGRESS TOWARD ADJOURN-MENT MADE YESTERDAY.

COMPROMISES ON THE NAVAL AND INDIAN BILLS

BLING BLOCKS LEFT.

[EY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIELNE.]

Washington, June 8.-The prospects of an ad-

THE MODIFIED DEFICIENCY BILL OUT OF THE WAY-ONLY A FEW STUM-

journment of the session as early as Wednesday brightened considerably to-day, although each branch of Congress still has hard things to say the other, and an inexperienced person would be convinced that neither would ever yield to the other. If not to be taken as mere brutum fulmen, the declaration of Senator Gorman, when the Senate insisted upon its amendments to the District Appropriation bill relating to charities, was more important as an indication of what was to be expected of his side of the chamber than anything which occurred during the day. In the of a ten-minute speech he said that the Senate should stay till December before conceding the

point they had insisted upon. That sort of talk.

however, does not cause a panic among Senators

and Representatives of long experience, who be-

lieve that the differences between the two houses

in regard to appropriations for so-called sectarian

purposes will be satisfactorily adjusted within the next forty-eight hours. It is understood to-night that the conferrees on the Naval Appropriation bill have found a basis of agreement which will probably be ratified by both House and Senate. This is understood to be that three battle-shire shall be authorized and that the matter of cost of armor plate shall be left open until next session; that in the mean time there shall be a further thorough investigation of the subject of cost, and that no contracts therefor shall be entered into by the Secretary of the

Navy. The passage by the Senate without amendment of the Deficiency bill sent to it by the House on Saturday is also regarded as a sure indication that all differences on other matters will be satisfactorily adjusted within a short time. The President this afternoon approved the modified General Deficiency bill.

The House conferrees have offered a compromise to the Senate conferrees on the Indian bill which will be accepted, and this bill, together with the Naval bill, will be got out of the way early to-morrow morning. The House will agree to the former conference report, cutting off appropriations for sectarian Indian schools at the end of the next fiscal year, with a proviso that the Secretary of the Interior be instructed to divide the appropriations as evenly as possible during the next fiscal year between the various denominations. This will end the sectarian school question, and remove the one great stumous denominations. This will and the sectarian school question, and remove the one great stume bling-block that has for several data stood in the way of a final settlement of this question.

THEY GOT A KEY AND ESCAPED.

TWO DESPERATE MEN MAKE THEIR WAY OUT OF WETHERSFIELD PRISON.

Hartford, Conn., June 8. Dwight Steere and Will tam Johnson, altas George A. Minor, both convicts, escaped from the State prison at Wethersfield has night. Steere was steward in the hospital, where he had been for several years, and Johnson was there or illness. Workmen have been cutting new wi ommunicates with the hospital by an iron door. It has been ascertained that Steere and Johnson opened the iron door between the hospital and the ward for contagious diseases with a skeleton key They had probably planned the escape for so

berhood, and unless the men escaped down the Con-necticut River, which flows near the prison, their time. Warden Woodbridge has issued circulars offering a reward of \$500 for the capture of either of them, and the officers have been ordered to shoot them if they do not surrender.

John H. Davis, a life pris lice all over the State have been informed, and Keepers Smith, Riley, Fulton and Upton have been

mitted in New-London twenty years ago. He had had charge of the drugs and nospital supplies for and charge of the drugs and nospiral supplies for several years and was considered a trusty prisoner. A pardon had been denied to him several times. Johnson has served eight terms in the prison, and he was held as an theoretical prisoner. His last term, four years for burglary, expired two or three months ago, but the directors decided to retain him under the law until they were satisfied of his refer-mation.

A GREAT SEARCHLIGHT FOR HALIFAX.

THE ENGLISH GOVERNMENT PREPARING LIGHT UP THE ENTRANCES TO THE

Hallfax, June 8.-A powerful electric plant is be-Innifax, June 2. A ling built by the Imperial Government at Fort Clar-ence, on the Dartmouth shore of the harbor, and a dynamo of great capacity is being constructed for it. The building in which the electric plant is to be placed will be on the south side of the fort, and will he built into an excavation dug for the purpose. The building is entirely concealed beneath the mound and protected by earth and masonry. The object of the installation of the plant is to obtain a revolving searchlight of great power which will control the entrances by the eastern passage and Drake's Passage and also all the western entrance north of the York redoubt.

AN ENRAGED WOMAN'S DOUBLE CRIME. San Francisco, June 8 .- John Hay, assistant editor of "The San Francisco Journal of Commerce, shot and fatally wounded by Mrs. R. H. McDougall shot and fatally wounded by Mrs. R. R. McFongall shortly before midnight last night in a room at the lodging-house No. 820 McAllister-st. The woman then shot herself twice through the breast and ex-pired by the side of her victim. Hay was removed to a hospital, where he died. He said the woman shot him when he told her their relations would have to cease. Mrs McDougall was the wife of have to cease. Mrs McDougall was the wife of R. H. McDougall, a Chicago commercial traveller, who is now in Texas on business. She came to this city about four months ago from Portland, in which of the control of the McKee Rankin company. She also pretended to be a detective in the United States Secret Service Department.

RAID ON A COUNTERFEITING DEN. Worcester, Mass., June 8.-After a week's watch

ing, officers yesterday made a raid on a counterfei ing den on the Major Brown farm, in Oxford. George R. Bagg, chief of the New-York office of the Secret Service Bureau, accompanied by Frank Es-querell, of the same office, together with Chief of Fotee Raymond and two inspectors, went to the farm. The place was in charge of Assyrians. They were arrested and turned over to the Secret Service men on a charge of counterfeiting. The house contained an elaborate outfit for making counterfeit dimes, quarters and half-dollars. Alexander Kalli, Assad Trobolser, "Shaker George" and Joseph Jubley, the prisoners, were arraigned before United States Commissioner Charles F. Aldrich this afternoon and held for appearance before the United States Court in Boston. CHARITIES DELEGATES IN THE PULPITS.

Grand Rapids, Mich., June & .- Services in twentyof the churches of the city were yesterday co duoted by delegates to the Charities and Correction ducted by december to the chartes and a large Conference. At each church there was a large attendance, and the topics discussed were those bear-ing upon charity work and allied subjects. Among cis Peabody, of Harvard University, Dr. C. R. Henderson, of Chicago University, Rabbi Louis Grossman, of Detroit, Dr. D. J. Walk, of Philadelphia, and Professor H. W. Lewis, of Washington, A mass-meeting was held in the evening, and 3,000 persons attended. The subject was "Social Settlements and the Labor Question." HER DEATH DUE TO POISON.

MYSTERIOUS CASE OF A YOUNG ENGLISHWOMAN WHO DIED IN SAN FRANCISCO,

San Francisco, June 8.-Miss Mayne Worrall, of Chester Lodge, Gilston Road, South Kensington London, England, a wealthy young woman, died suddenly at the Palace Hotel here Saturday afternoon, Miss Worrall was journeying around the world alone, Friends here to whom she had letters of introduction have entertained her since her arrival. An early caller Saturday morning found Miss Worrall seriously iii. A physician was immediately summoned, but his efforts proved unavailing, and the young woman died in a few hours.

An autopsy was held last evening on the body of Miss Worrall, when it was found that her death was due to the use of non-corrosive poison. A thorough investigation of the circumstances surrounding her death is now in progress.

London, June 8.-On receipt of a cable dispatch announcing the sudden death in the Palace Hotel, in San Francisco, of Miss Mayne Worrall, a representative of the United Press called upon Mrs. Hyde, a sister of the deceased woman, at her home, in the Hyde Park Mansions. Mrs. Hyde said that Miss Worrall was of a bright and happy disposition and entirely free, so far as she knew, from care Only yesterday, she said, she had received a letter from her which her sister had written to her the day before she salied from Sydney, N. S. W. for San Francisco on board the steamer Alameda. In the letter Miss Worrall made a number of inquirtes concerning family affairs, and intimated that she was in excellent health and high spirits. Mrs. Hyde could not conjecture any reason why she should have died from the effects of poison, as alleged, self-inflicted or otherwise. from her which her sister had written to her the

COL. BRECKINRIDGE TO TRY AGAIN.

THE NOTORIOUS KENTUCKIAN TO BE A CANDI-

DATE FOR CONGRESS ONCE MORE. Lexington, Ky., June 8.-Colonel W. C. P. Brecki ridge announces that he will again be a candidate for Congress at the next election.

QUARRYMEN KILLED BY A BLAST.

THREE MEN LOSE THEIR LIVES IN ULSTER

COUNTY BY A PREMATURE EXPLOSION. Kingston, N. Y., June 8 (Special). -An accident in the Norton cement quarries at Binnewater, near this city, this afternoon, resulted in the death of three There was a premen and the injury of another. mature explosion of a blast while several of the quar tymen were next, causing the instant death of Aaron Terwilliger. Thomas Rider and Frederick Charles, whose bodies were mangled almost beyond ttion. George Ealey was badly hurt, though not fatally. All of the dead men were married.

HAMMOND EXPECTS TO BE FREE SOON.

THE HEALTH OF HIS WIFE SLOWLY IMPROVING. Boston, June 8.-A cable dispatch received by Dr. B. Broderick, of Jamaica Plain, from John Hays of Johannesburg, South Africa, says that Mrs. Hammond is improving slowly, and that Mr. Hammond expects to be released from custody

PRINTERS' STRIKE IN THE TWIN CITIES. ALL THE DAILY PAPERS IN ST. PAUL AND MINNE-APOLIS ENGAGED IN THE STRUGGLE-WAGES THE ISSUE.

St. Paul, Minn., June 8.-The daily papers of St. Paul and Minneapolis are involved in the biggest strike of their existence. At 6 o'clock to-night every notype operator of "The Globe," "Ploneer-Press. "Tribune," "Journal" and "Times' left his place. With them went the advertising com-positors, the proofreaders and their helpers, 140 The newspapers have manned their typesetting machines with typewriters, thers and reporters, and have arranged a tempoary exchange of their news and matrices, clock it was evident that the papers would all print o-morrow morning, although they will set only

bout half as much matter as usual. The trouble has been brewing for several weeks. The proprietors asked that the piece scale, 12% cents for nonparell and 14 cents for minton, be abo for nonpared and 14 cents for minion, he abolished and that all men work for \$23 a week of fifty hours. The printers asked for \$24 a week of forty-nine hours. No agreement was reached, and the printers of the two cities resolved to quit work this evening at 6 o'clock. A carload of printers will arrive here to-morrow.

Lansing, Mich., June 8.-A ternade struck this city from the west shortly after 11 o'clock yesterday, and a terrible wind and rain storm followed. It was the worst storm experienced here in years Trees were uprooted and scores of them, some of were a foot in diameter, were broken off. Several barns and numerous outbuildings were over-turned, and over four hundred feet of sheds at the

The rain fell in terrents. Hot Springs, S. D., June 8.-The Southern Black Hills country was visited with a flood on Saturday the like of which has never been known in its day the nke of which has lever been known in its history. The Eikhern track, between Smithwick and Fairburn, was so badly damaged that it is thought it will take a week to repair it. In some-places the track has been swept off the roadbed places the track has been swept our the following and twisted up into fragments. The telegraph poles and wires are swept away for a half-mile at a stretch in places, and general havoc and ruin have been wrought along the line of the road. The Cheyenne lilver is running over the top of the bridge

WHALEBACKS IN A GALE.

Ashland, Wis., June 8.-The Colgate Hoyt whaleback steamer came into port at Ashland to-day without her whaleback consorts. The captain says he was forced to leave them outside of Chequamegon Bay on account of the terrific gale which is blowing. A dispatch to "The Daily Press" from Bayfield announces that two whalebacks can be seen from that place pounding on the beach, and that a lumber barge and consort can be sighted, which are also in difficulties. The consort seems to have shirted part of her cargo, and is listing over badly. She is probably aground. The wind is terrific. A score of vessels are anchored safely among the Apostle Islands. announces that two whalebacks can be seen from

LIQUOR-DEALERS GO TO TRIAL.

Rochester, N. Y., June 8.-Judge Sutherland this norning handed down his decision denying the demurrers argued by the attorneys for the liquor-icalers last Thursday who were indicted by the deglers last Thursday who were indicted by the last Grand Jury for violating the Raines Excise law. The defendants had been conducting so-called "Raines hotels." John A. Buckley, an alleged hotel-keeper, is now on trial.

TELEGRAPHIO NOTES.

Troy, M. Y. June 8.—The Rev. C. C. Edmunds, Jr., rector of St. Mark's Church, Hoosick Falls, has sceried a call to Trinity Church, Trenton.

Waterbury, Conn., June 8.—Angus McKay, a contractor at No. 122 Wolcott-st., is critically ill from the result of the bite of a poisonous spider. He had his finger amputated, but blood poisoning has set in. Portland, Me., June 8.—Tobias Lord, of Steep Falls, Standish, has been insane for some time, and was to be taken to the Augusta Insane Asylum to-day. About five minutes before the train left he shot himself and died instantly. He was a leading citizen of Standish, and had been State Senator and a member of the Governor's Council.

Rochester, N. Y., June & Frederick Cole, the in-dicted bank teller, charged with stealing \$2,000 from the Monroe County Savings Bank, pleaded not guilty in the County Court to-day.

watertown, N. Y., June S.—A verdict was rendered in the Supreme Court here this morning in favor of George A. Bagley, for \$5,389, against the New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, for services rendered outside of his duties as former president of the Carthage and Sacketts Harbor Railroad Company, before that road was lessed to the Central. Mr. Bagley sued for \$7,500.

St. Louis, June 8.—Peter Peterson, a prize-fighter, known as the "Terrible Sweie," attacked Andrew known as tron moulder, in a saloon in Barton-st. iast evening. John Hickey, also a moulder, interfered, and a shot was fired that pierced Hickey's heart. Peterson and Smith were arrested. Both deny the shooting, Hickey's home is in Terre Hauta, Ind. It is believed Peterson fired the shot.

A CHILD ON THE STAND.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

LITTLE FLORENCE KING TESTIFIES

AGAINST MRS. FLEMING.

SHE DECLARES THAT SHE ACCOMPANIED THE DE-FENDANTS DAUGHTER WHEN IT IS AL-LEGED THAT SHE CARRIED CLAM CHOWDER AND PIE TO MRS

fifth week of its progress yesterday. The principal witness called was little Florence King, who accompanied Mrs. Fleming's daughter to the home of Mrs. Bliss on the day the latter was poisoned. The girl testified that they were sent by Mrs. Fleming with clam chowder and ple to take to Mrs. Bliss. A sensation was caused when, in reply to a question, Florence said that when she and Gracie returned to the hotel Mrs. Fleming said to her daughter: "L hope you didn't eat any of the chowder." Dr. Scheele was again mercilessly cross-examined by Mr. Brooke, who attacked the witness's

A LIVELY DAY IN COURT. IMPORTANT TESTIMONY FOR THE PROSECUTION BROUGHT OUT AT THE SESSION.

The effects of the sensation which Charles W. Brooke, the senior counsel for the defence in the Fleming trial, sprang upon the prosecution shortly before the adjournment of the court on Friday last, when he so severely impeached the credibility of Dr. Walter T. Scheele, the chief expert witness for the people, seemed yesterday morning when the trial was resumed to have gained rather than diminished in force in the interim. For the first time since the opening of the case counsel on both sides were in their places before 10:30 clock. Heretofore the beginning of the day's proceedings has invariably been delayed from ten to twenty minutes for the arrival of the representatives of either the prosecution or the defence, Yesterday morning, however, every one connected with the case was on hand with praiseworthy punctuality. The atmosphere of the court seemed surcharged with excitement and eager expectation. The threats that have emanated in turn from Mr. McIntyre and Mr. Brooke of arrests for perjury on the one hand and intimidation on the other have only served to increase the public interest in the trial. Neither lawyer has in the least refrained from public utterance on the latest phase of this already famous trial, and the invective and threats that have found their way into print since Friday have been so pronounced on both sides that Recorder Goff, before hearing

the evidence, admonished the counsel. LAWYERS CAUTIONED BY THE COURT.

"It is incomprehensible to me," he said, "that the attorney for the people should, as he is reported to have done in the daily newspapers, describe anything or say anything in connection with a case on trial. I cannot credit it, nor can I credit the statement that the counsel for the defence should express any opinion concerning this case while it is before a legal tribunal."

BIG CROWDS ON HAND.

The Recorder took the opportunity to admonish the jury further against reading anything that appeared in print concerning the trial. But while doubtless the members of the jury have been conscientious enough to obey the Recorder's daily warning to them, it was apparent yesterday morning that the developments of the trial have been closely followed by the general public, Never since the trial began has there been so great and clamorous a crowd endeavoring to obtain admission as that which thronged the second floor of the Criminal Court Building from an early hour yesterday morning. So importunate were the applicants for admission that an extra force was enlisted to guard the entrance to the court. Even with these precautions, however, and the strict scrutiny that the officials passed upon the credentials of each person that passed through the doors of Part III, the co room was early packed to an uncomfortable ex-

tent. DR. SCHEELE AGAIN ATTACKED.

While there was nothing in yesterday's proceedings to compare with the dramatic scenes of Friday afternoon, the sitting was, nevertheless, full of intense interest and important bearings on the question of the issue before the jury. The continued cross-examination of Dr. Scheels occupied nearly the whole of the morning, and, with relentless persistency, Mr. Brooke sought to discredit the personal character of the witness. Forgery, false pretences and grand larceny were the crimes Mr. Brooke endeavored to establish against the witness, but without the least hesitancy Dr. Scheele denied every imputation that was hurled against him. To a Tribune reporter Mr. Brooke said yesterday that he was determined and able to support by numerous witnesses all the charges he had insinuated in cross-examination against Dr. Scheele, and from the tenor of his conversation it appeared that he felt confident of his ability to prove &

diabolical conspiracy against Mrs. Fleming. MR. M'INTYRE BAYS LITTLE

Mr. McIntyre, evidently in obedience to the Recorder's caution earlier in the day, refused to divulge the nature of the reports of the detectives whom he had instructed to ascertain the character and antecedents of the people alleged to have made statements against Dr. Scheele. "All that I have to say," he asserted, "is that we are in a position to refute easily any aspersions cast by Mr. Brooke upon our witness. Regarding the threats I made on Friday, I probably said more in my anger than I ought to have said. I recognize that Mr. Brooke is conscientiously bound to do everything that he can for a client who is on trial for her life. But in attempting to besmirch the character of Dr. Scheele he has been injudicious. I have in my possession and I propose to read to the jury in my summing up the laudations Mr. Brooke lavished on Dr. Scheele in the Meyer trial. In that case Mr. Brooke held him up as a paragon of all that was honest and virtuous, and told the jury that Dr. Scheele's chemical skill was of the highest order in the country. It may be difficult for Mr. Brooke to reconcile in this trial the stand he has now taken regarding this witness, and that which he took about this selfsame man in the Meyer case."

PROGRESS OF THE PEOPLE'S CASE. The prosecution practically completed yesterday its chain of evidence, as directly connecting the defendant with the polson found in the body of Mrs. Bliss. The evidence that has already been adduced in the case has tended to prove indisputably that sufficient arsenic was found in Mrs. Bliss's body to kill a dozen people, while the analytical reports of the utensils in which the poisoned clam chowder is said to have been contained have been shown to be impregnated with the same insidious and deadly poison, and in addition substantial traces of arsenic, according to the testimony already adduced, were found in Mrs. Fleming's apartments at the Colonial Hotel, and in several articles belonging to her. Yester day afternoon little Florence King, the playmate Ind. It is believed Peterson fired the shot.

Jamestown, N. Y., June 8.—Some weeks ago Mrs.
Jamestown, N. Y., June 8.—Some weeks ago Mrs.
Vallanc Persons, of Cherry Creek, accused her husband of undue familiarity with a young woman who lived near by. Persons assaulted his wife and was sent to jail for three months. On Saturday night Mrs. Persons observed her son, a young man, in company with the same woman, and went hame and took a heavy dose of graenic. The son, when he learned of this, was filled with remores, and took a heavy dose of graenic. The son, when he learned of this, was filled with remores, and took a dose of strychnine. The mother died Stinday and the son is in a critical condition.

None of the defendant's daughter, gave some damaging testimony against the defendant, and satisfactorily proved that Mra Fleming sent to her mother some clam chowder and ple on the fatal August 30. It was also proved that on this day Mrs. Fleming ordered from the kitchen of the Coleman that the content of the content of the content of the same woman, and went ham and took a heavy dose of graenic. The son, when he learned of this, was filled with remore, and took a heavy dose of arsenic. The son, when he learned of this, was filled with remore, and took a heavy dose of arsenic. The son, when the same woman, and went ham a stission of the defendant's daughter, gave some damaging treatment of the defendant's daughter, gave some damaging treatment of the defendant of the defendant's daughter, gave some damaging treatment of the defendant of the defendant's daughter, gave some damaging treatment of the defendant's daughter, gave some damaging treatment of the defendant's daughter, gave some damaging treatment of the defendant of the defend of the defendant's daughter, gave some damaging

The trial of Mrs. Fleming entered upon the

BLISS ON AUGUST SO LAST.